# Ecological Inquiry Investigation College Biology—Mr. DePue

### **Objectives:**

- 1. To identify the diversity of plant life in a particular habitat or life zone.
- 2. To compare the diversity of plant life between three different life zones (short grass prairie, wetlands, and riparian)
- 3. To observe the biotic and abiotic factors that influence particular habitats.

### **Engage Activity:**

- 1. Working in your group, brainstorm types of plants in various areas of the Division of Wildlife Fish Hatchery (short grass prairie, wetlands, riparian)
- 2. Based on brainstorming, where would you find the areas with the greatest level of diversity?

### **Exploring Activity:**

- 1. Each group will be assigned an area to collect data.
- 2. Each group is to place a flag in the ground next to each different plant that they find in their assigned area. They only need one flag for each type of plant.
- 3. Groups are to observe carefully because some plants may look somewhat similar, but are truly different.
- 4. Groups need to make sure they cover the entire assigned area. How you do this is up to you!
- 5. When groups finished flagging their plants. Record and identify each plant type flagged. If needed collect a sample of the plant to bring back to class for identification.

## **Explaining Activity:**

- 1. Each group will explain the following for their assigned area:
  - a. Show the different species found
  - b. Identify each species found
  - c. Determine which plants are found in other quadrants
  - d. Count the total number of different species for the live zone.
- 2. Discuss the diversity and/or lack of diversity in the life zone.
- 3. Discuss how abiotic and biotic factors might impact the diversity seen.

### Elaborating Activity:

- 1. Visit the "Wray Community Garden" at the shopping center.
- 2. Identify plants found in the field by each group and identify which of their plants they don't see in the Community Garden.
- 3. Of the plants found in the field and not found in the Community Garden, hypothesize a connection.
- 4. Of the plants found in the Community Garden and not found in the field, hypothesize a connection.

#### **Evaluate:**

- 1. Groups must develop the following to include in a final written report:
  - a. Purpose/Objectives of investigation
  - b. Claim/Hypothesis for investigation
  - c. Methods/Procedures for investigation
  - d. Data/Evidence/Findings
  - e. Conclusion/Justification of findings
- 2. Ecology Investigation Portfolio—Each individual must complete a portfolio including the following:
  - a. Must include 3-5 photos of area
  - b. One photo/ page
  - c. Photos must include a descriptive caption
  - d. A detailed description of the area including the following
    - i. Soil make-up
    - ii. Weather conditions
    - iii. Rainfall
    - iv. Evidence of animal life and its impact
    - v. Plant species
    - vi. Plant adaptations for survival
    - vii. Evidence of human impact
  - e. One journal article from a peer reviewed source
  - f. One page typed reflection for the journal article
  - g. Identify one local resource/agency for more information and describe its purpose
  - h. References

### Ecology Portfolio Evaluation Criteria—100pts total

- 1. Quality of descriptive captions (40)
- 2. Appropriateness of photos (20)
- 3. Professional Appearance and Organization (10)
- 4. References (5)
- 5. Style, Grammar, Scientific Names (5)
- 6. Quality of Article Summary Content (15)
- 7. Agency (5)